

Long-term Procurement Plan

Army

Development 2027–2030

- Procurement of communication and command-and-control systems, as well as new sensors for air defense battalions, to better contribute to NATO's concept for integrated air and missile defense.
- Procurement of air defense systems to counter modern combat aircraft and cruise missiles.
- Procurement of man-portable air defense systems for lighter infantry units.
- Procurement of rocket artillery.
- Procurement of artillery for brigades and divisions.
- Development of patrol missiles.
- Procurement of unmanned remotely operated aerial vehicles and counter-UAS systems to increase capabilities in reconnaissance, surveillance, fire control, target acquisition, engagement, and battle damage assessment.
- Continued stockpiling of caliber-dependent ammunition, air defense and anti-tank missiles, as well as field engineering ammunition.
- Modification of main battle tanks and extensive efforts to increase robustness in the armored vehicle system.
- New acquisitions to gradually begin modernization of the armored vehicle fleet.
- Acquisition of modern signature management equipment for both general and area-specific camouflage, as well as training equipment.
- Continued digitalization of ground forces through implementation of a new command support system.

Development 2031–2035

- Systems enabling connectivity between cross-domain capabilities such as sensor and engagement systems are introduced, creating an advanced system-of-systems capability.
- Further enhancement of capabilities to operate unmanned systems for both effect and protection.

Logistics

Sweden establishes several logistics hubs linked together by logistics units and civilian resources.

The armed forces' material needs are met during the period, including personal equipment such as uniforms, helmets, body armor, as well as hand and footwear.

Development 2027–2035

- Procurement of medical equipment and medical transport vehicles is carried out during the period.
- Military bases are reinforced through the addition of handling and medical transport resources.
- The ability of military bases to treat lightly injured and sick personnel is further developed to relieve civilian healthcare.
- Supply security is strengthened through continued increased stockpiling of supplies.
- Field hospitals are procured during the period.
- Development of additive manufacturing capability.

Navy

New air defense capabilities and protection against unmanned aerial systems (C-UAS) are developed to contribute to NATO's integrated air and missile defense.

2027–2030

- Procurement of new surface combatants of the Luleå class (YSF 2030) begins, increasing naval endurance and contribution to NATO's integrated air and missile defense, as well as command of naval task forces.
- Procurement of naval-specific caliber-dependent ammunition is expanded to meet NATO stock level targets.

2031–2035

- A new ship-based maritime operational helicopter is procured.
- Continued procurement of naval-specific and advanced munitions such as air defense and anti-ship missiles.

Air Force and Space

Development 2027–2030

- The Air Force replaces its existing communications infrastructure.
- New command systems are procured to improve the ability to command and coordinate air forces interoperably with NATO.
- The Air Force maintains six fighter squadrons, operating three squadrons of JAS 39C/D and three squadrons of JAS 39E once rearmament is completed.
- Tactical transport aviation capability is maintained while replacement of existing systems begins during the period. Early in the period, the replacement of government transport aircraft is completed with the introduction of TP 106.
- Additional procurement of ground-operational helicopters (Hkp 16) is initiated.
- Signals intelligence and regional transport aviation capabilities are maintained.
- The Air Force procures systems to enhance air operational command and unit command capability, and strengthens cyber defense.
- A program is implemented to create conditions and predictability for long-term and very long-term supply of combat aircraft capability.

Development 2031–2035

- The Air Force's medical support capability is developed. Air traffic control is provided with protection at air bases as well as capability for mobile air traffic control units.
- Long-range ground target engagement capability is strengthened through additional missile procurement.